

DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

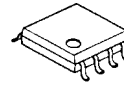
■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **NJM2740** is a dual low supply voltage operational amplifier with low saturation output voltage.

It can operate with single supply when proper input bias has given.

It is suitable for audio section of portable sets and PCs.

■ PACKAGR OUTLINE



NJM2740M

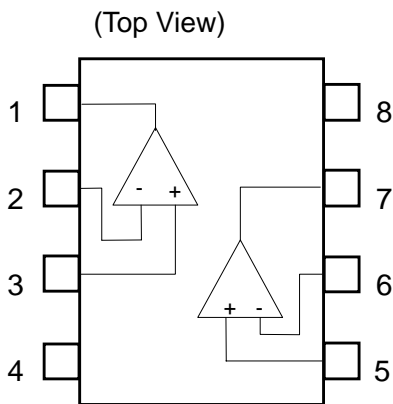


NJM2740V

■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage $(\pm 1.1$ to $\pm 3.5V)$
- Low Saturation Output Voltage $(\pm 2.2V$ typ. at $R_L=2.5k\Omega)$
- High Slew Rate $(4V/\mu s$ typ.)
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline DMP8,SSOP8

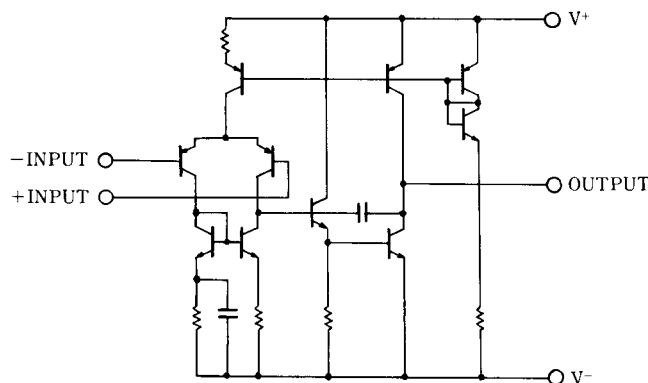
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN FUNCTION

1. OUTPUT1
2. -INPUT1
3. +INPUT1
4. V^-
5. +INPUT2
6. -INPUT2
7. OUTPUT2
8. V^+

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJM2740

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V ⁺ /V ⁻	±4	V
Differential Input Voltage	V _{ID}	±7	V
Common Mode Input Voltage	V _{IC}	±3.5	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	300 (DMP8) 250 (SSOP8)	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Voltage Range	V ⁺ /V ⁻		±1.1	-	±3.5	V

■ DC CHARACTERISTICS

(V⁺/V⁻=±2.5V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Current	I _{CC}	No Signal, R _L =infinite	-	3.5	5	mA
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IO}	R _S ≤10kΩ	-	1.0	6.0	mV
Input Bias Current	I _B		-	100	300	nA
Input Offset Current	I _{IO}		-	5	100	nA
Open Loop Voltage Gain	A _v	R _L >10kΩ	60	80	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection	CMR		60	74	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	V ⁺ /V ⁻ =±1.2 to 3.5V	60	80	-	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V _{OM}	R _L >2.5kΩ	±2	±2.2	-	V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V _{ICM}		-1.4/ +1.5	-	-	V

■ AC CHARACTERISTICS

(V⁺/V⁻=±2.5V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Gain Bandwidth product	GB	f=10kHz	-	12	-	MHz

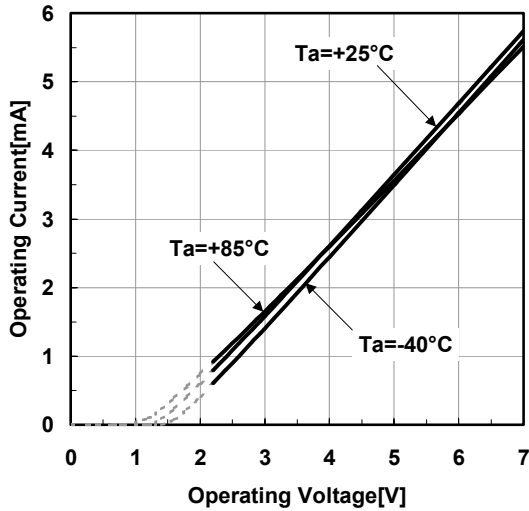
■ TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS

(V⁺/V⁻=±2.5V, Ta=25°C)

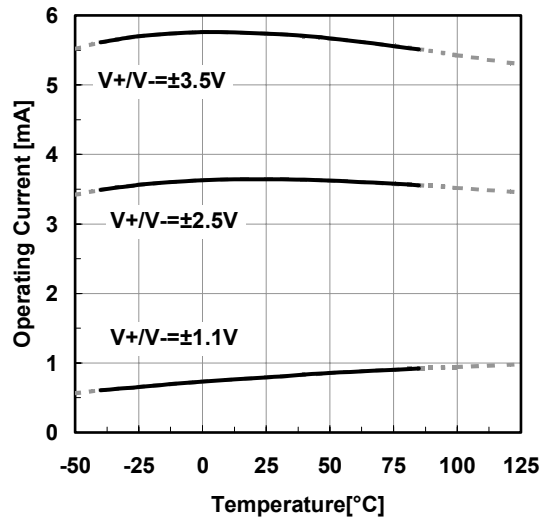
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Slew Rate	SR	A _v =1, V _{IN} =±1V	-	4	-	V/μs

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

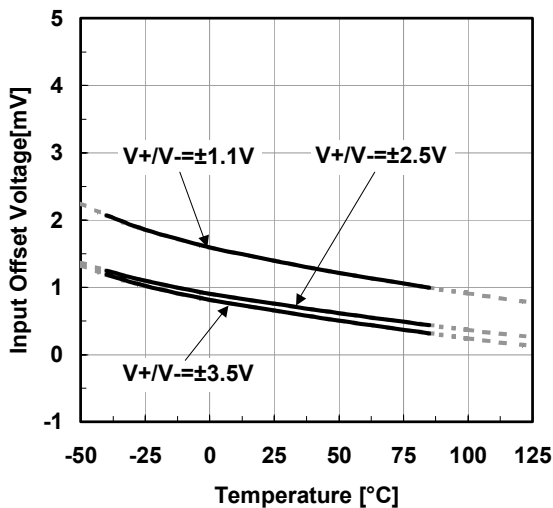
Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage
 $V_{IN}=0V, \text{no load}$



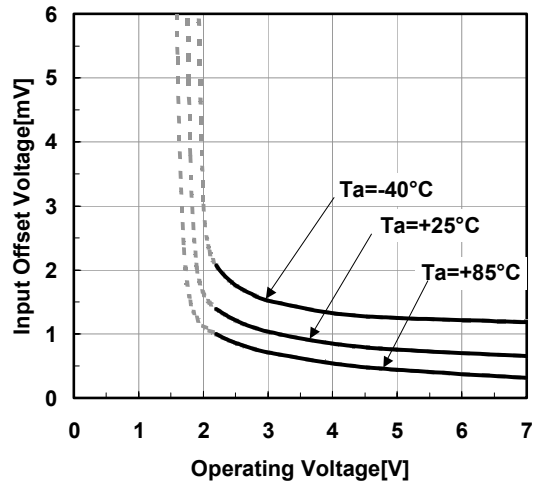
Operating Current vs. Temperature
 $V_{IN}=0V, \text{no load}$



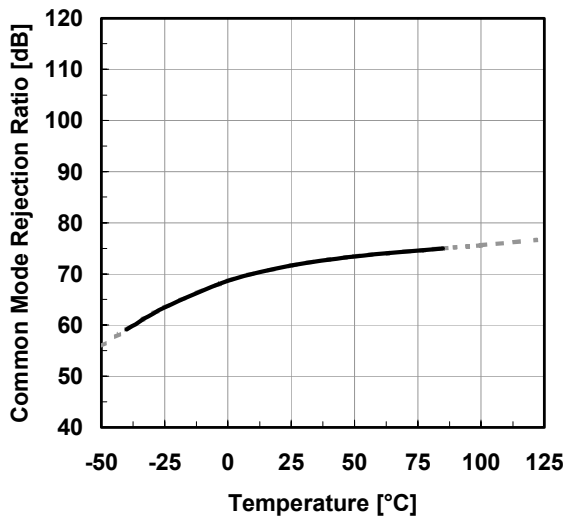
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature
 $R_S=10k\Omega$



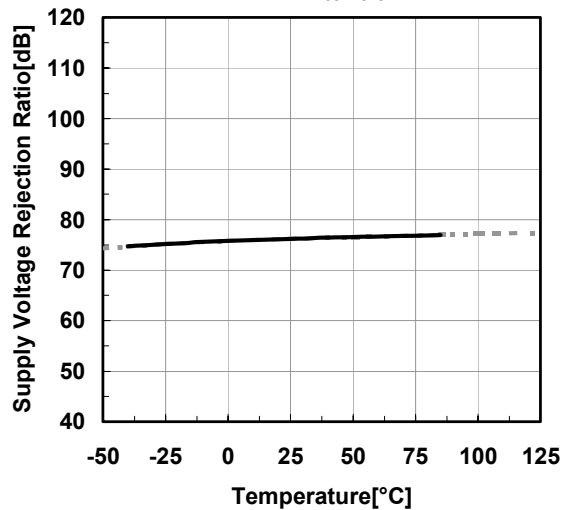
Input Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage
 $R_S=10k\Omega$



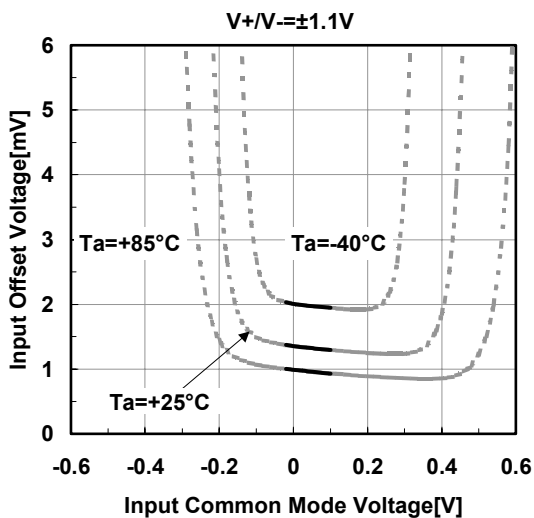
Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature
 $V+/V- = \pm 2.5V, V_{IN} = \pm 1.5V$



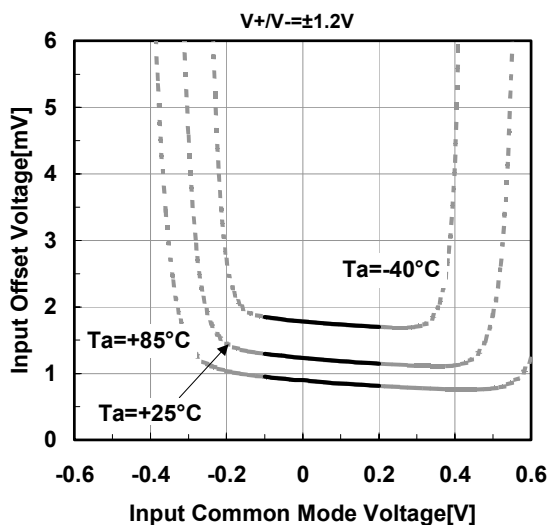
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature
 $V+/V- = \pm 1.1V \text{ to } \pm 3.5V$



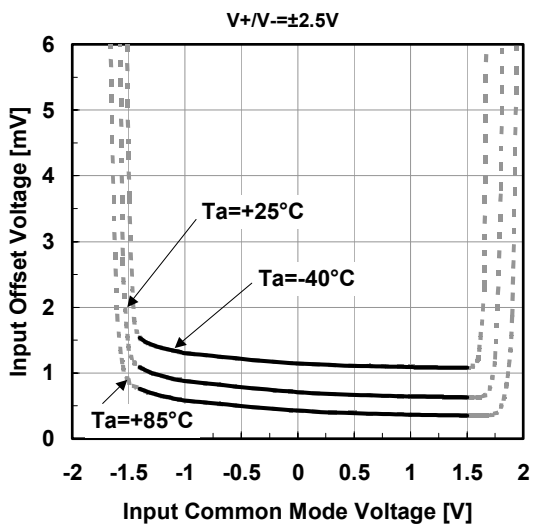
Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common Mode Voltage



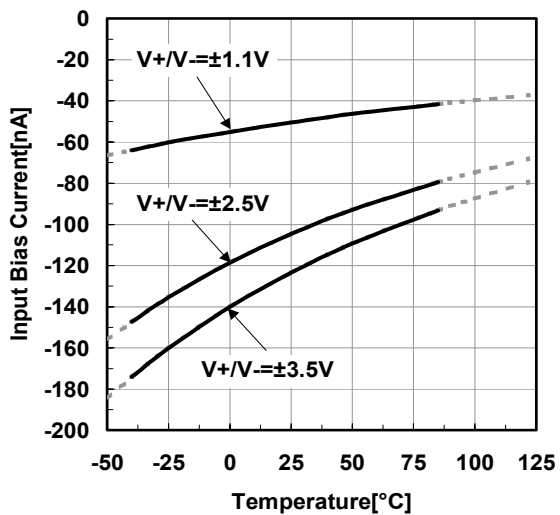
Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common Mode Voltage



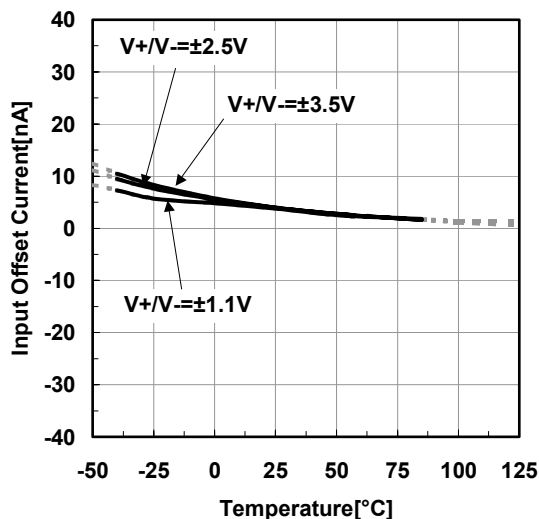
Input Offset Voltage vs. Input Common Mode Voltage



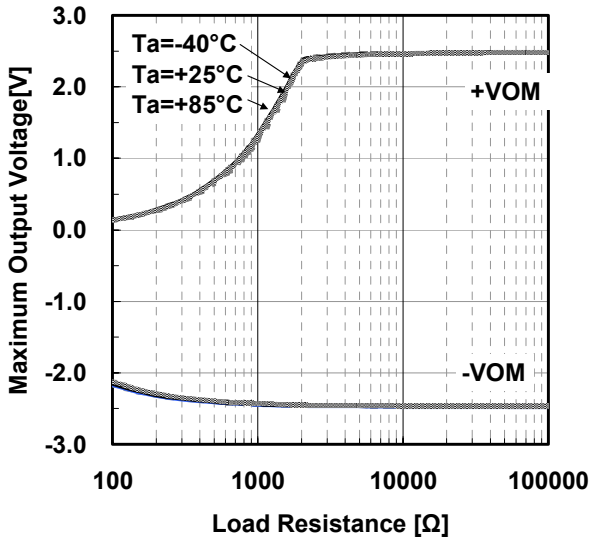
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



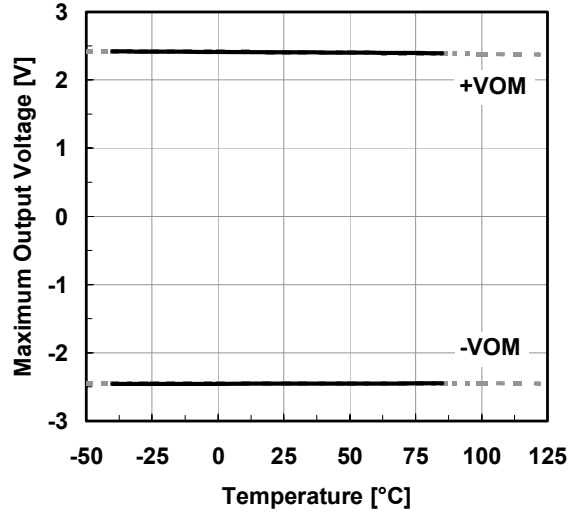
Input Offset Current vs. Temperature



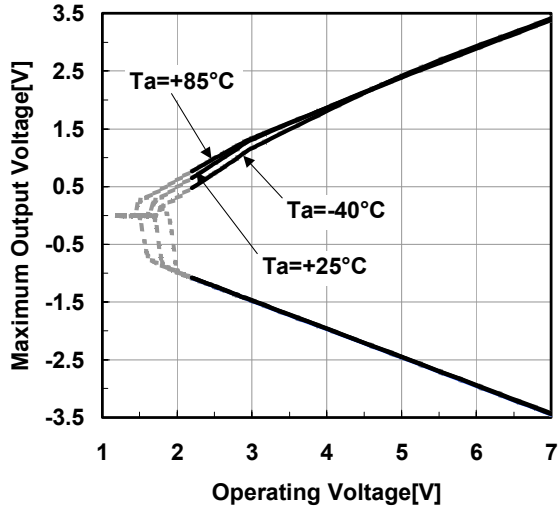
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Load Resistans
 $V_+/V_-=2.5V$, open loop



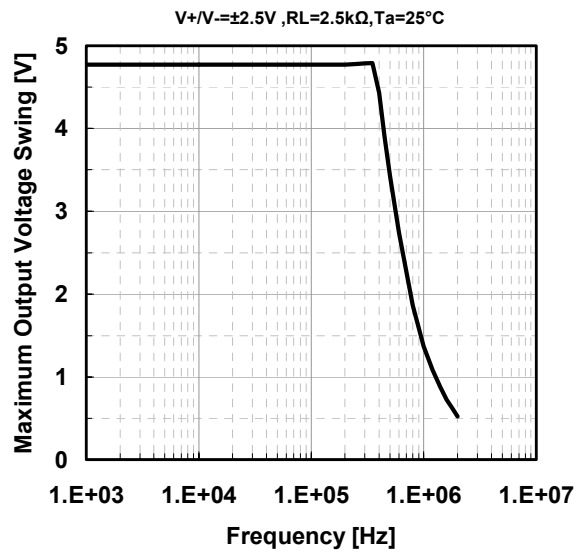
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Temperature
 $V_+/V_-=\pm 2.5V, R_L=2.5k\Omega$



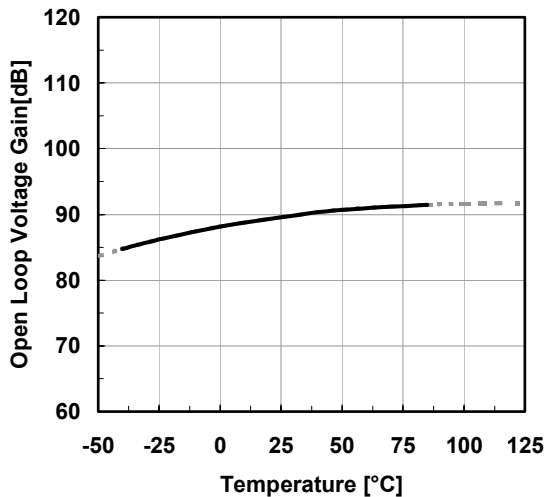
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Operating Voltage
 $R_L=2.5k\Omega$



Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency

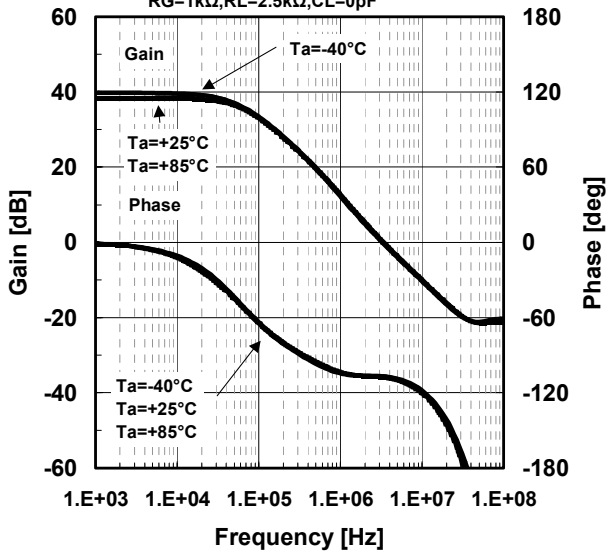


Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Temperature
 $V_+/V_-=\pm 2.5V, R_L=10k\Omega$



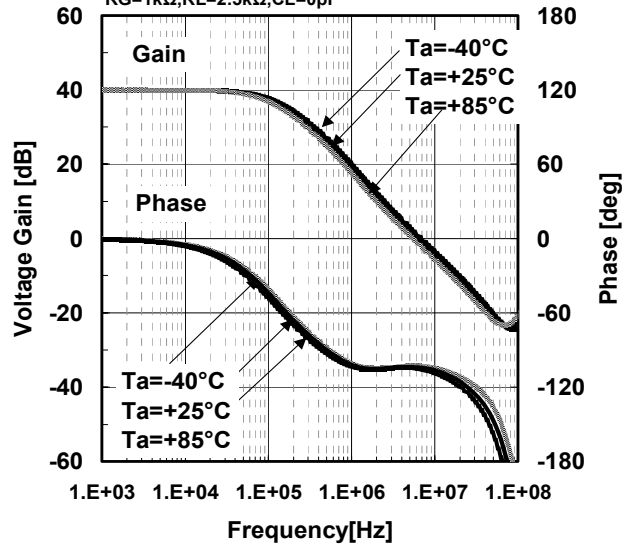
Voltage Gain & Phase vs. Frequency

V+/V- = ±1.1V, GV=40dB, RF=100kΩ,
RG=1kΩ, RL=2.5kΩ, CL=0pF



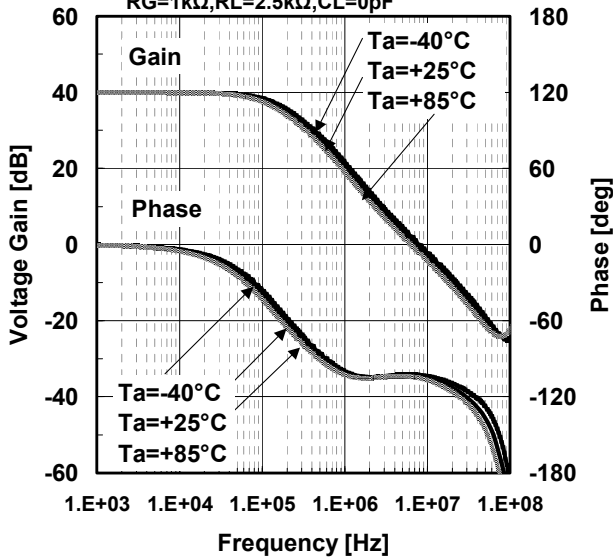
Voltage Gain & Phase vs. Frequency

V+/V- = ±2.5V, GV=40dB, RF=100kΩ,
RG=1kΩ, RL=2.5kΩ, CL=0pF



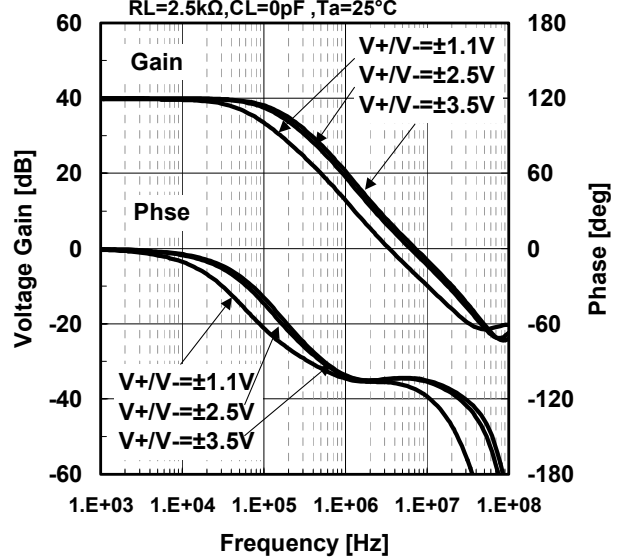
Voltage Gain & Phase vs. Frequency

V+/V- = ±3.5V, GV=40dB, RF=100kΩ,
RG=1kΩ, RL=2.5kΩ, CL=0pF



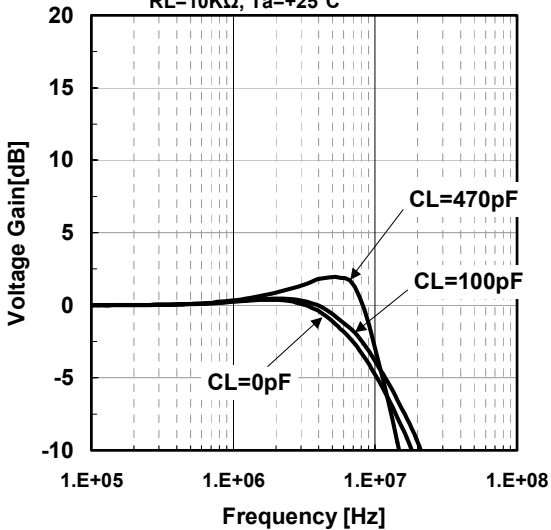
Voltage Gain & Phase vs. Frequency

GV=40dB, RF=100kΩ, RG=1kΩ,
RL=2.5kΩ, CL=0pF, Ta=25°C



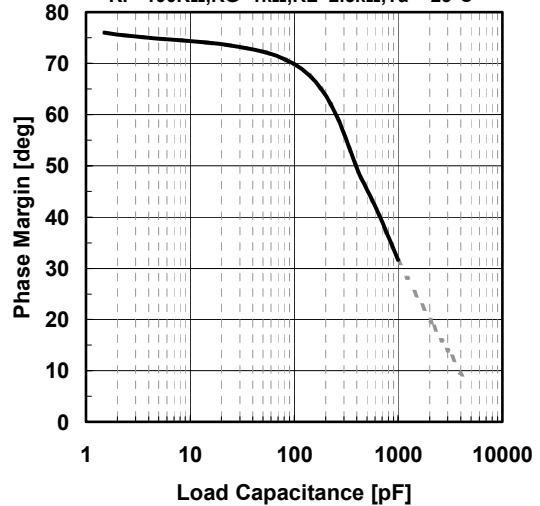
Peak Gain of Voltage Follower

V+/V- = 2.5V, GV=0dB, RS=50Ω,
RL=10kΩ, Ta=+25°C



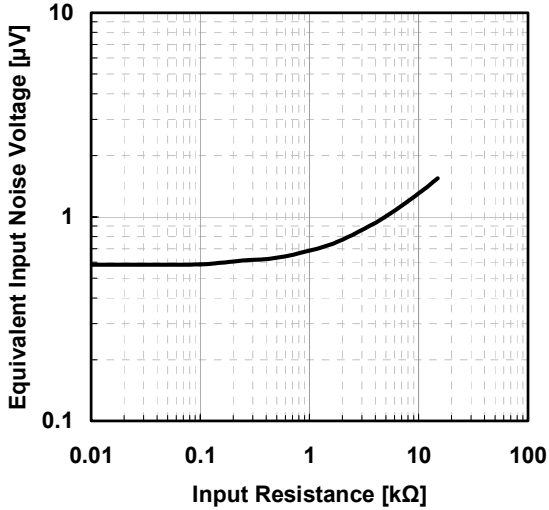
Phase Margin vs. Load Capacitance

V+/V- = ±2.5V, GV=40dB,
RF=100kΩ, RG=1kΩ, RL=2.5kΩ, Ta=+25°C



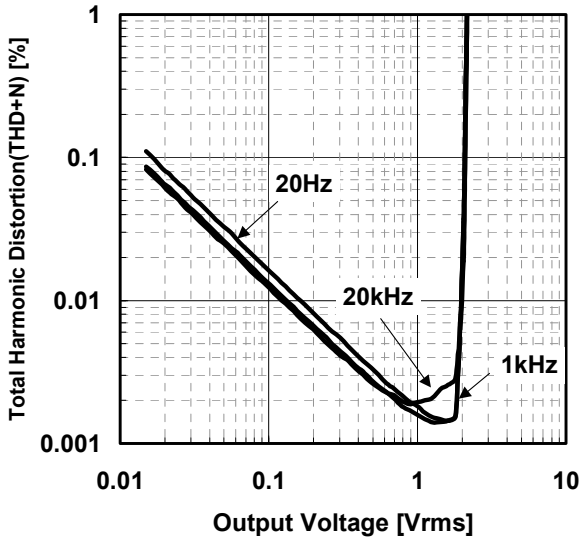
**Equivalent Input Noise Voltage
vs. Input Resistance**

$V+/V- = \pm 3.0V$, $R_F = 100k\Omega$, $R_G = 100\Omega$, JIS A, $T_a = 25^\circ C$



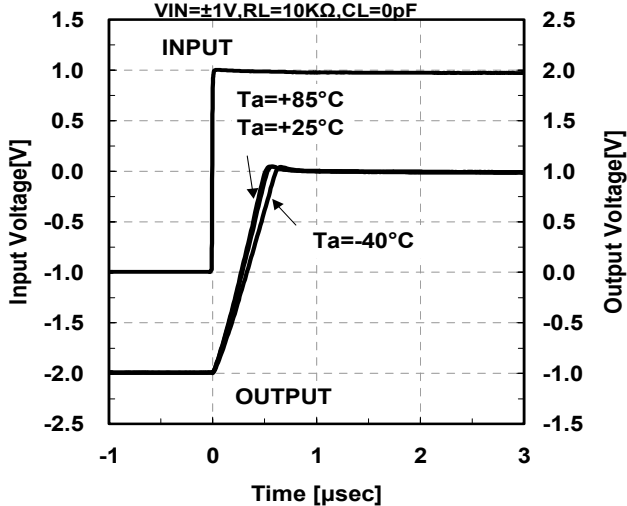
**Total Harmonic Distortion
vs. Output Voltage**

$V+/V- = \pm 3.0V$, $GV = 10dB$, $R_L = 4K\Omega$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$



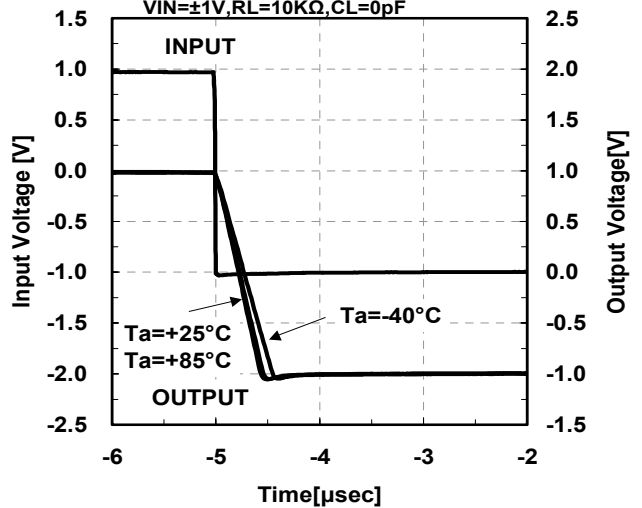
Pulse Response (Rise)

$V+/V- = \pm 2.5V$, $AV = 0dB$, $f = 100kHz$,
 $V_{IN} = \pm 1V$, $R_L = 10K\Omega$, $C_L = 0pF$



Pulse Response (Fall)

$V+/V- = \pm 2.5V$, $AV = 0dB$, $f = 100kHz$,
 $V_{IN} = \pm 1V$, $R_L = 10K\Omega$, $C_L = 0pF$



■ MEMO

[CAUTION]

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